N.C.P.I.-Crim. 242.20
PATIENT ABUSE RESULTING IN SERIOUS BODILY INJURY. FELONY. GENERAL CRIMINAL VOLUME
JUNE 2008
N.C. Gen. Stat. § 14-32.2(a)-(b)(3)

242.20 PATIENT ABUSE RESULTING IN SERIOUS BODILY INJURY. FELONY.

NOTE WELL: The injury required is serious bodily injury. A "pattern of patient abuse" (N.C.P.I. 242.25) does not require that the injury be serious bodily injury only that there be bodily injury. N.C. Gen. Stat. § 14-32.2(a)-(b)(4).

The defendant has been charged with [willful] [culpably negligent] physical abuse of a [patient of a health care<sup>1</sup>] [resident of a residential care<sup>2</sup>] facility resulting in serious bodily injury.

For you to find the defendant guilty of this offense, the State must prove four things beyond a reasonable doubt:

First, that the victim was a [patient of a health care] [resident of a residential care] facility.

Second, that the defendant physically abused<sup>3</sup> the [patient] [resident] by (describe the physical abuse).

Third, that the defendant's conduct was [willful] [culpably negligent]. (Culpable negligence is conduct of a willful, gross and flagrant character, evincing reckless disregard for human life.<sup>4</sup>)

And Fourth, that the defendant's conduct proximately caused serious bodily injury to the [patient] [resident]. Proximate cause is a real cause, a cause without which the victim's serious bodily injury would not have occurred.

Serious bodily injury is defined as bodily injury that creates or causes [a substantial risk of death] [serious permanent disfigurement] [coma] [a permanent or protracted condition that causes extreme pain]

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[permanent or protracted loss or impairment of the functions of any bodily member or organ] [prolonged hospitalization].

If you find from the evidence beyond a reasonable doubt that on or about the alleged date, the victim was a [patient of a health care] [resident of a residential care] facility, the defendant physically abused the [patient] [resident], the defendant's conduct was [willful] [culpably negligent] and the defendant's conduct proximately caused serious bodily injury to the [patient] [resident], it would be your duty to return a verdict of guilty. If you do not so find or have a reasonable doubt as to one or more of these things, it would be your duty to return a verdict of not quilty.

<sup>1.</sup> N.C. Gen. Stat. § 14-32.2(c) defines "health care facility" as "hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, intermediate care facilities, intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded, psychiatric facilities, rehabilitation facilities, kidney disease treatment centers, home health agencies, ambulatory surgical facilities, and any other health care related facility whether publicly or privately owned."

<sup>2.</sup> N.C. Gen. Stat. § 14-32.2(c1) defines "residential care facility" as "adult care homes and any other residential care related facility whether publicly or privately owned."

<sup>3.</sup> N.C. Gen. Stat. § 14-32.2(e1) defines "abuse" as "the willful or culpably negligent infliction of physical injury or the willful or culpably negligent violation of any law designed for the health or welfare of a patient or resident."

<sup>4.</sup> N.C. Gen. Stat. § 14-32.2(e).