

N.C.P.I.-Crim. 216.30
FELONIOUS LARCENY-PURSUANT TO BREAKING/ENTERING OFFENSE.
FELONY.
GENERAL CRIMINAL VOLUME
MAY 2002
N.C. Gen. Stat. §§ 14-70, 14-72(b)(2)

216.30 FELONIOUS LARCENY - PURSUANT TO BREAKING/ENTERING
OFFENSE. FELONY.

The defendant has been charged with felonious larceny.

For you to find the defendant guilty of this offense, the State must prove six things beyond a reasonable doubt:

First, that the defendant took property belonging to another person.

Second, that the defendant carried away¹ the property.

Third, that the victim did not consent to the taking and carrying away of the property.

Fourth, that at the time of the taking, the defendant intended to deprive the victim of its use permanently.²

Fifth, that the defendant knew *he* was not entitled to take the property.

And Sixth, that the property was taken from a building [during a burglary] (or) [after a breaking or entering].³

If you find from the evidence beyond a reasonable doubt that on or about the alleged date, the defendant took and carried away another person's property without the victim's consent from a building [during a burglary] (or) [after a breaking or entering], knowing that *he* was not entitled to take it and intending at the time of the taking to deprive the victim of its use permanently, it would be your duty to return a verdict of guilty. If you do not so find or if you have a reasonable doubt as to one

N.C.P.I.-Crim. 216.30
FELONIOUS LARCENY-PURSUANT TO BREAKING/ENTERING OFFENSE.
FELONY.
GENERAL CRIMINAL VOLUME
MAY 2002
N.C. Gen. Stat. §§ 14-70, 14-72(b)(2)

or more of these things, it would be your duty to return a verdict of not guilty.⁴

1. In the event that there is some dispute as to asportation, the jury should be told that the slightest movement is sufficient.

2. In the event that there is some dispute as to permanent deprivation, the jury should be told that a temporary deprivation will not suffice. *But cf. S. v. Smith*, 268 N.C. 167 (1966).

3. If the offense charged is larceny pursuant to a violation of N.C. Gen. Stat. §§ 14-53 or 14-57, modify the wording at this point as appropriate.

4. If there is to be instruction on lesser included offenses, the last phrase should be: "...you will not return a verdict of guilty of felonious larceny."

Where the property taken is a conveyance, the crime of unauthorized use of a conveyance, N.C. Gen. Stat. § 14-72.2, may be a lesser included offense. See N.C.P.I.-Crim. 216.90.