N.C.P.I.-Crim. 208.50 ASSAULT WITH A DEADLY WEAPON. MISDEMEANOR. GENERAL CRIMINAL VOLUME MARCH 2002 N.C. Gen. Stat. § 14-33(c)(1)

208.50 ASSAULT WITH A DEADLY WEAPON. MISDEMEANOR.

The defendant has been charged with assault with a deadly weapon.

For you to find the defendant guilty of this offense, the State must prove two things beyond a reasonable doubt:

First, that the defendant assaulted the victim by intentionally¹ (and without justification or excuse)² (describe assault).

And Second, that the defendant used a deadly weapon. A deadly weapon is a weapon which is likely to cause death or serious bodily injury.

[(Name weapon) is a deadly weapon.] [In determining whether (name weapon) is a deadly weapon, you should consider the nature of (name weapon), the manner in which it was used, and the size and strength of the defendant as compared to the victim.]³]

NOTE WELL: If self-defense is an issue, use N.C.P.I.-Crim. 308.45.

If you find from the evidence beyond a reasonable doubt that on or about the alleged date, the defendant intentionally assaulted the victim with a (name weapon) (and that (name weapon) was a deadly weapon),⁴ (nothing else appearing) it would be your duty to return a verdict of guilty. If you do not so find or have a reasonable doubt as to one or both of these things, it would be your duty to return a verdict of not guilty.⁵

NOTE WELL: If self-defense is an issue, use mandate from N.C.P.I.-Crim. 308.45.6

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- 1. If a definition of intent is required, see N.C.P.I.-Crim. 120.10.
- 2. The parenthetical phrase should be used only where there is evidence of justification or excuse, such as self-defense.
- 3. Use applicable bracketed statement. In the event that there is a dispute as to which weapon was used and one of the weapons is non-deadly as a matter of law, e.g., a real pistol and a toy pistol, state what would not be a deadly weapon.
- 4. The parenthetical phrase should be given only where the weapon is not deadly per se.
- 5. If there is to be instruction on lesser included offenses, the last phrase should be: ". . . you will not return a verdict of guilty of assault with a deadly weapon."
- 6. Including self-defense in the mandate is required by *S. v. Woodsen*, 31 N.C. App. 400 (1976). *Cf. S. v. Dooley*, 285 N.C. 158 (1974).