N.C.P.I.-Civil. 810.42 WRONGFUL DEATH DAMAGES - IN GENERAL. GENERAL CIVIL VOLUME JUNE 2012

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## 810.42 WRONGFUL DEATH DAMAGES - IN GENERAL.<sup>1</sup>

(For medical malpractice cases filed on or after 1 October 2011, use N.C.P.I. -Civil 809.142.)

Actual damages are the fair compensation to be awarded to the estate for the death of (name deceased) [proximately caused by the negligence] [caused by the wrongful conduct] of the defendant. Such damages may include:

[expenses for care, treatment and hospitalization incident to the injury resulting in death]<sup>2</sup>

[pain and suffering]<sup>3</sup>

[reasonable funeral expenses]4

[the present monetary value of (name deceased) to his next-of-kin].<sup>5</sup>

The total of all damages<sup>6</sup> are to be awarded in one lump sum.<sup>7</sup> I will now explain the law of damages as it relates to (each of) these.

<sup>1.</sup> Bifurcation Note: For actions commenced on or after 1 October 2011, N.C. R. Civ. P. 42(b)(3) specifies: "Upon motion of any party in an action in tort wherein the plaintiff seeks damages exceeding one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000), the court shall order separate trials for the issue of liability and the issue of damages, unless the court for good cause shown orders a single trial. Evidence relating solely to compensatory damages shall not be admissible until the trier of fact has determined that the defendant is liable. The same trier of fact that tries the issues relating to liability shall try the issues relating to damages."

<sup>2.</sup> N.C. Gen. Stat. § 28A-18-2(b)(1).

<sup>3.</sup> N.C. Gen. Stat. § 28A-18-2(b)(2).

<sup>4.</sup> N.C. Gen. Stat. § 28A-18-2(b)(3).

<sup>5.</sup> N.C. Gen. Stat. § 28A-18-2(b)(4).

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7. Kendrick v. Cain, 272 N.C. 719, 159 S.E.2d 33 (1968).

<sup>6.</sup> In addition, punitive damages may be awarded for wrongful death of the deceased through the malice or willful or wanton conduct of the defendant as defined at N.C. Gen. Stat. § 1D-5. N.C. Gen. Stat. § 28A-18-2(b)(5). Punitive damages issues should be submitted separately, however. *See Jones v. McCaskill*, 99 N.C. App. 764, 394 S.E.2d 254 (1990).